

## Cell Surface Staining Protocol

### Materials Required:

- Flow Cytometry Staining Buffer (Stain Buffer) (1X PBS with 2% FBS, 0.09% Na-Azide)
- 12x75 mm round bottom test tubes or 96-well round bottom microtiter plates

### Experimental Procedure

1. Prepare cells in a single cell suspension at a concentration of  $2 \times 10^7$ -  $2 \times 10^8$  cells/mL in Stain Buffer.
2. Aliquot 50  $\mu$ L of the cell sample to an individual well or tube.
3. Add the recommended amount of each primary antibody to the sample. The final volume of the cell sample + antibodies should not exceed 100  $\mu$ L.
4. Incubate at 4°C in the dark for 20-60 minutes.
5. Wash cells in 200-300  $\mu$ L (for microtiter plates) or 1-2 mL (for tubes) Stain Buffer. Centrifuge at 300-400 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature and discard supernatant. Briefly vortex to dissociate the cell pellet.
6. If no second-step reagent is needed, proceed to Step 10.
7. If a second-step reagent is required for detection of purified or biotinylated primary antibody, add 100  $\mu$ L appropriately diluted secondary reagent to the dissociated cell pellet.
8. Incubate at 4°C in the dark for 20-60 minutes.
9. Wash cells in 200-300  $\mu$ L (for microtiter plates) or 1-2 mL (for tubes) Stain Buffer. Centrifuge at 300-400 x g for 5 minutes at room temperature and discard supernatant. Briefly vortex to dissociate the cell pellet.
10. Stained cells may be resuspended in an appropriate volume of Stain Buffer and acquired on a flow cytometer or further processed for intracellular staining protocols.